

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1-15. (Cancelled)

16. (Previously presented) A toner for developing an electrostatically charged copier or printer image, the toner consisting essentially of:

- a) a binder resin;
- b) a colorant which is carbon black, diazo yellow, phthalocyanine blue, quinacridone, carmine 6B, monoazo red or perylene; and
- c) a charge control agent,

wherein the binder resin includes a polyolefin resin having a cyclic structure, wherein the polyolefin resin is a copolymer derived from an alpha-olefin, an alicyclic compound having one double bond and, optionally, a diene monomer, and wherein the electrostatically charged copier or printer image is fixed by the action of a heated roller.

17-20. (Cancelled)

21. (Previously presented) The toner according to claim 16, wherein the alpha olefin, from which the copolymer is derived, is ethylene.

22-23. (Cancelled)

24. (Previously presented) The toner according to claim 16, wherein the polyolefin resin having a cyclic structure comprises at least one functional group selected from the group consisting of a carboxyl group, a hydroxyl group and an amino group.

25. (Previously presented) The toner according to claim 16, wherein the polyolefin resin having a cyclic structure further comprising a carboxyl group is cross-linked by metal ions or dienes.

26. (currently amended) A toner for developing an electrostatically charged copier or printer image, comprising:

- a) a binder resin that includes a copolymer having a cyclic structure of
 - (i) ethylene, propylene or butylene, and
 - (ii) ~~cyclohexane~~ cyclohexene or norbornene, and optionally,
 - (iii) a diene;
- b) a colorant which is carbon black, diazo yellow, phthalocyanine blue, quinacridone, carmine 6B, monoazo red or perylene; and
- c) a charge control agent,

wherein the electrostatically charged copier or printer image is fixed by the action of a heated roller.

27. (Previously presented) The toner according to claim 26, wherein said copolymer is formed by a metallocene catalyst or a Ziegler catalyst.

28. (Previously presented) A toner for developing an electrostatically charged copier or printer image, the toner consisting essentially of:

- a) a binder resin;
- b) a colorant which is carbon black, diazo yellow, phthalocyanine blue, quinacridone, carmine 6B, monoazo red or perylene; and
- c) a charge control agent,

wherein the binder resin includes a polyolefin resin having a cyclic structure, wherein the

polyolefin resin is a copolymer derived from

(1) an alpha-olefin selected from the group consisting of ethylene, propylene and butylene,
an alicyclic compound having one double bond and, optionally,
a diene monomer, and
wherein the electrostatically charged copier or printer image is fixed by the action
of a heated roller.

29. (Previously presented) The toner as claimed in claim 28, wherein said alicyclic compound is cyclohexene or norbornene.

30. (Previously presented) The toner as claimed in claim 28, wherein said alicyclic compound is norbornene and the alpha-olefin is ethylene.

31-34. (Cancelled)

35. (Previously presented) The toner according to claim 16, wherein the binder resin consists of 1 to 100 parts by weight of said polyolefin resin with a cyclic structure and 0 to 99 parts by weight of at least one resin selected from the group consisting of polyester resins, vinyl acetate resins, vinyl acetate copolymer resins and styrene-acrylate resins.